

PRODUCTS · LEVEL 30



NISUS PUMP NEGATIVE PRESSURE WOUND THERAPY TRAINING

- Knowledge assessment
- Review of the Nisus
- Pressurization of the wound
- Block alarm
- Leak alarm
- Canister full alarm
- Battery alarm
- Hydrophobic membrane
- Dam design
- Factory admin menu
- Dressing kits
- Questions



- Powerful
- Portable
- Continuum of Care





- The pump has an internal pressure sensor to monitor the system's pressure
- Factory default setting for pressure tolerance is 10 mm/hg
- The pump will pressurize the system, once the pressure sensor detects 10 mm/hg drop from set point
- The pump will pressurize the system back to 2-3 mm/hg of set point
- If the pump over shoots target pressure, an internal bleed off valve opens and bleeds systems back to 2-3 mm/hg of set point
- Ex: If the pump is set at 125 mm/hg, when the pressure of the system falls below 115 mm/hg, the pump pressurizes the system back to 125 mm/hg (+/-3 mm/hg)



- The factory default is set at 5 minutes
- This alarm can be muted and turned off
- The pump detects a block alarm, when the pump does not pressurize the wound for the determined amount of time
- Ex: The pump does not pressurize the wound for 5 minutes, this means the pump does not kick on, a blockage alarm will occur
- This means that the system did not bleed down 10 mm/hg, remember the pump pressurization the system when the pressure falls 10 mm/hg of set point
- On most cases all dressings will bleed 10 mm/hg through the semi-permeable drape
- Discuss later, but we thought of this and have an amazing feature to adjust any unforeseen scenarios!!!



- The factory default is 20
- This alarm can be muted and turned off
- This alarm occurs when the pressure does not reach within 20 mm/hg of set point within 1 minute
- Ex. If pressure setting is set at 125 mm/hg and within one minute, the pump does not achieve a pressure of least 105, the leak alarm will occur



- This alarm can't be silenced nor muted
- The canister full alarm is detected by a pressure spike
- The only way to rectify a canister full alarm is to power off pump, remove old canister, place new canister, and power back on
- Our pump turns off the pump (not the screen)
 when a canister full is detected
- Our pump goes one step further by bleeding the pressure off of the system





- Two battery alarms
- Neither one can be turned off.
- Between 11%-20% battery life, it will alarm low battery and beep every 5 minutes, like a smoke detector
- When the battery life drops below 11%, the pump alarms continuously and must be plugged into AC power at this time





- Hydrophobic membrane prevents fluid from egressing into the pump
- Most hydrophobic membranes cause a significant flow restriction
- The Nisus' hydrophobic membrane is revolutionary design that only causes a slight flow restriction, this allows the pump to deliver a volume of flow.







- Patent pending design
- Helps prevent false canister full alarms
- Protects the hydrophobic membrane
- Mouse maze design under the dam, goes one step further of protecting the membrane from false fluid egress

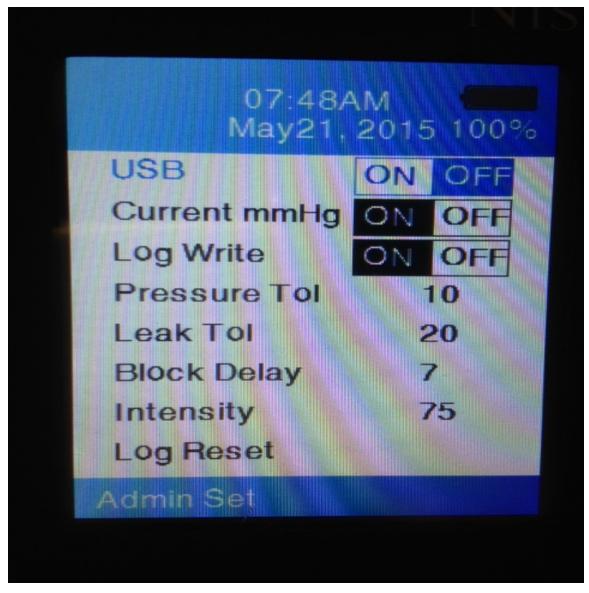


- Allows the clinician the ability to customize settings to fit any unique situations
- The factory admin menu is under the settings icon
- The code to access the menu is pressing the following buttons in sequence:
- Up arrow, down arrow, left arrow, right arrow, up arrow, and down arrow
- Press menu/select after passcode is entered











- USB should always be off unless loading new software
- Current mm/hg can be turned off. This real time reading will not show in the therapy menu
- Log write can be turned off
- Pressure tolerance, this means the at what point will the pump turn back on to pressurize the system
- Leak tolerance, at what point will the system recognize a leak alarm
- Block delay, at what point will the system recognize a blockage alarm
- Intensity, this can increase or decrease the power of the pump
- Log reset, this resets the alarm log



QUESTIONS

LEVEL 300 : PRODUCTS

